

# IAG804/IAG808 User Manual





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## 1. Overview

## What is iAG804/808?

This document is to explain the quad-FXO module of analog gateway.

OpenVox Analog Gateway is an open source asterisk-based Analog VoIP Gateway solution for SMBs and SOHOs. With friendly GUI and unique modular design, users may easily setup their customized Gateway. Also secondary development can be completed through AMI (Asterisk Management Interface).

There are four models with Analog Gateway, the 4FXS, 8FXS, 4FXO and 8FXO, and there are 4/8 ports in iAG804/808. The Modular Design Analog Gateways are developed for interconnecting the PSTN networks with a wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol, including G.711A, G.711U, G.729, G.722, G.723, iLBC to quickly reduce communication expenses and maximize cost-savings.

The Analog gateway use standard SIP protocol and compatible with Leading IMS/NGN platform, IPPBX and SIP servers, support most of the VoIP operating platforms such as Asterisk, Elastix, 3CX, FreeSWITCH, Broadsoft etc.



## **Sample Application**



Figure 1-2-1 Topological Graph

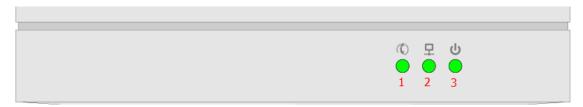
# **Product Appearance**

The picture below is appearance of Analog Series Gateway.





**Figure 1-3-1 Product Appearance** 



**Figure 1-3-2 Front Panel** 

- 1: System LED
- 2: Network interface LED
- 3 : Power Indicator

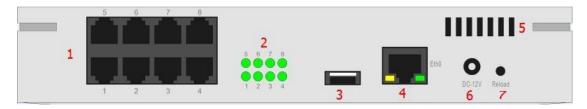


Figure 1-3-4 Back Panel

- 1: Analog Telephone Interface (8)
- 2: Channel indicator (8)
- 3: USB Interface(1)
- 4: Ethernet ports (1)
- 5 : Fan vent
- 6 : Power socket
- 7: Reload button



#### **Main Features**

- Modular design
- Based on Asterisk®
- Editable Asterisk® configuration file
- Support T.38 fax relay and T.30 fax transparent, can continually fax multiple page
- Echo cancellation and Static jitter buffer
- Wide selection of codecs and signaling protocol
- DTMF relay
- Ring cadence and frequency setting
- MWI(Message waiting indicator)
- > DHCP, DNS/DDNS, NAT Network
- VAG and CNG
- All hot-swap
- Stable performance, flexible dialing, friendly GUI
- > Two-year time warranty

## **Physical Information**

**Table 1-5-1 Description of Physical Information** 

Weight	580g
Size	21cm*21cm*3.6cm
Temperature	-20~70°C (Storage)
	0~40°C (Operation)
Operation humidity	10%~90% non-condensing
Power source	12V DC/4A
Max power	16W
LAN port	1

#### **Software**

**Default IP**: 172.16.99.1 **Username**: admin **Password**: admin



Please enter the default IP in your browser to scan and configure the module you want. Now we offer you two RJ45 Network ports to access to your gateway on the board, ETH1 and ETH2. You can choose either of them and they are the same.

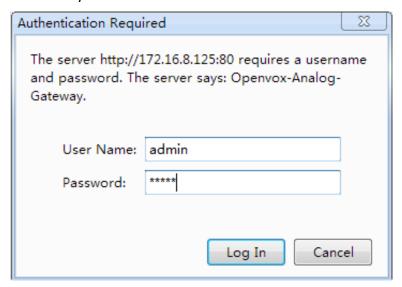


Figure 1-6-1 LOGIN Interface



## 2. System

#### **Status**

On the "Status" page, you will see Port/SIP/Network information and status.

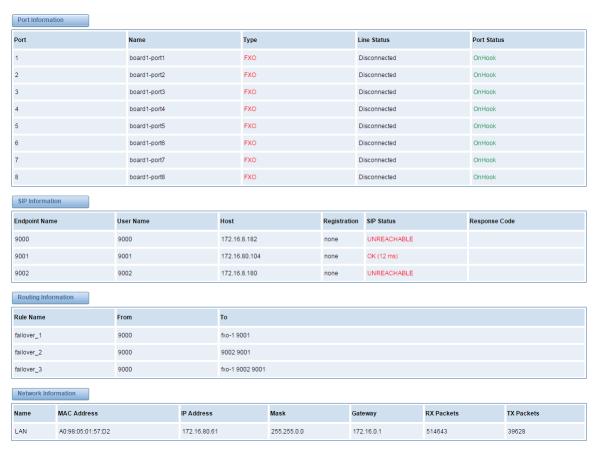


Figure 2-1-1 System Status

#### **Time**

**Table 2-2-1 Description of Time Settings** 

Options	Definition
System Time	Your gateway system time.
Time Zone	The world time zone. Please select the one which is the same or the closest as your city.
POSIX TZ String	Posix time zone strings.



NTP Server 1	Time server domain or hostname. For example, [time.asia.apple.com].
NTP Server 2	The first reserved NTP server. For example, [time.windows.com].
Auto-Sync from NTP	Whether enable automatically synchronize from NTP server or not. ON is enable, OFF is disable this function.

For example, you can configure like this:

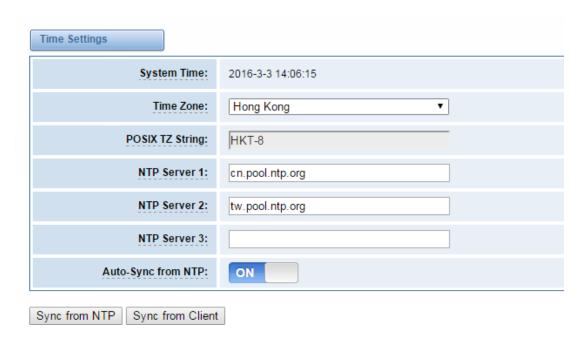


Figure 2-2-1 Time Settings

You can set your gateway time Sync from NTP or Sync from Client by pressing different buttons.

## **Login Settings**

Your gateway doesn't have administration role. All you can do here is to reset what new username and password to manage your gateway. And it has all privileges to operate your gateway. You can modify both your "Web Login Settings" and "SSH Login Settings". If you have changed these settings, you don't need to log out, just rewriting your new user name and password will be OK.



**Table 2-3-1 Description of Login Settings** 

Options	Definition
User Name	NOTES: Your gateway doesn't have administration role.  All you can do here is defining the username and password to manage your gateway. And it has all privileges to operate your gateway.  User Name:Allowed characters  "+. <>&0-9a-zA-Z". Length: 1-32 characters.
Password	Allowed characters "+. < >&0-9a-zA-Z".  Length: 4-32 characters.
Confirm Password	Please input the same password as 'Password' above.

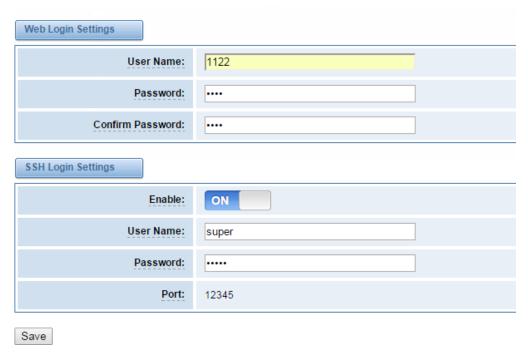


Figure 2-3-1 Login Settings

**Notice**: Whenever you do some changes, do not forget to save your configuration.

## **General, Cluster, Tools and Information**

### Language Settings

You can choose different languages for your system. If you want to change language, you can switch "Advanced" on, then "Download" your current language package. After that, you can modify the package with the language you need. Then upload your modified packages, "Choose



File" and "Add", those will be ok.

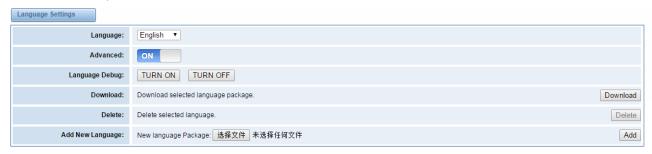


Figure 2-4-1 Language Settings

#### Scheduled Reboot

If switch it on, you can manage your gateway to reboot automatically as you like. There are four reboot types for you to choose, "By Day, By Week, By Month and By Running Time".

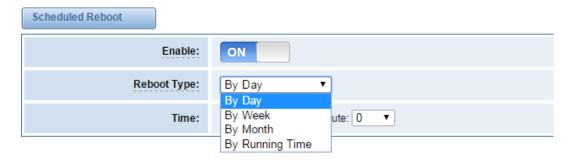


Figure 2-4-2 Reboot Types

If use your system frequently, you can set this enable, it can helps system work more efficient.



Figure 2-4-3 Snmp Agent

#### Cluster

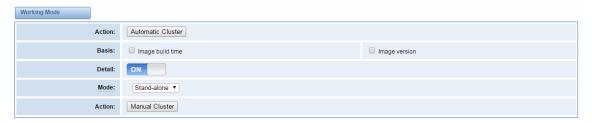


Figure 2-4-4 Working Mode



#### Reboot Tools

On the "Tools" pages, there are reboot, update, upload, backup and restore toolkits. You can choose system reboot and Asterisk reboot separately.



Figure 2-4-5 Reboot Prompt

If you press "Yes", your system will reboot and all current calls will be dropped. Asterisk Reboot is the same.

**Table 2-4-1 Instruction of reboots** 

Options	Definition
System Reboot	This will turn off your gateway and then turn it back on. This will drop all current calls.
Asterisk Reboot	This will restart Asterisk and drop all current calls.

We offer two kinds of update types for you, you can choose System Update or System Online Update. System Online Update is an easier way to update your system.



Figure 2-4-6 Update Firmware

If you want to store your previous configuration, you can first backup configuration, then you can upload configuration directly. That will be very convenient for you.



Figure 2-4-7 Upload and Backup



Sometimes there is something wrong with your gateway that you don't know how to solve it, mostly you will select factory reset. Then you just need to press a button, your gateway will be reset to the factory status.



Figure 2-4-8 Factory Reset

#### Information

On the "Information" page, there shows some basic information about the analog gateway. You can see software and hardware version, storage usage, memory usage and some help information.



**Figure 2-4-9 System Information** 



## 3. Analog

You can see much information about your ports on this page.

### **Channel Settings**

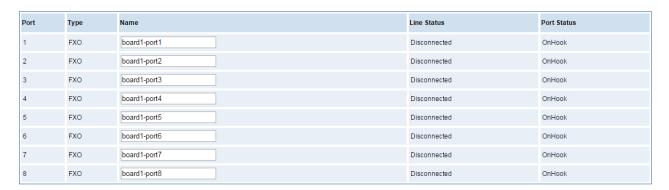


Figure 3-1-1 Channel System

On this page, you can see every port status.

### **Advanced Settings**

Dialing rules is used to effectively judge whether the received number sequence is complete, in order to timely end receiving number and send out number

The correct use of dial-up rules, helps to shorten the turn-on time of phone call

### **Global Settings**



Figure 3-2-1 General Configuration



**Table 3-2-1 Instruction of General** 

Options	Definition
Tone duration	How long generated tones (DTMF and MF) will be played on the channel. (in milliseconds)
Dial timeout	Specifies the number of seconds we attempt to dial the specified devices.
Codec	Set the global encoding : mulaw, alaw.
Impedance	Configuration for impedance.
Echo cancel tap	Hardware echo canceler tap length.
VAD/CNG	Turn on/off VAD/CNG.
Flash/Wink	Turn on/off Flash/wink.
Min flash time	Min flash time.(in milliseconds).
Max flash time	Max flash time.(in milliseconds).
Hangup on polarity switch	Turn on/off hide caller id function.



Figure 3-2-2Hardware Gain

**Table 3-2-2 Instruction of Hardware gain** 

Options	Definition
FXO Rx gain	Set the FXO port Rx gain. Range: from -150 to 120.
FXO Tx gain	Set the FXO port Tx gain. Range: from -150 to 120.





Figure 3-2-3 CallerID detect

Table 3-2-3 Instruction of CallerID detect

Options	Definition
Use Callerid	Turn on/off callerid detect function
Hide Callerid	Turn on/off callerid detect function



Figure 3-2-4 Busy detect

Table 3-2-4 Instruction of Busy detect

Options	Definition
Busy detect	Turn on/off busy detect function
Busy count	How many busy tones to wait for before hanging up. The default is 3, but it might be safer to set to 6 or even 8.
Busy country	Set the busy detect country.



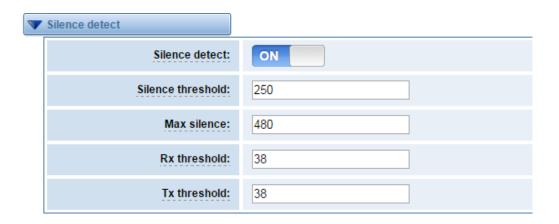


Figure 3-2-5 Silence detect

**Table 3-2-5 Definition of Silence detect** 

Options	Definition
Silence detect	Turn on/off silence detect function
Silence threshold	What we consider silence: the lower, the more sensitive, eg:250 is 250ms. Range: 100 to 500(100 to 500ms), default: 250
Max silence	How many silence threshold of silence before hanging up(eg: 16 is 250ms*16=4s). Range: 2 to 1020 (200ms to 512s), default: 80(20s)
Rx threshold	Range:-20 dBm0 to -40 dBm0, default: 20(-20 dBm0), all values are understood to be negative.
Tx threshold	Range:-20 dBm0 to -40 dBm0, default: 20(-20 dBm0), all values are understood to be negative.

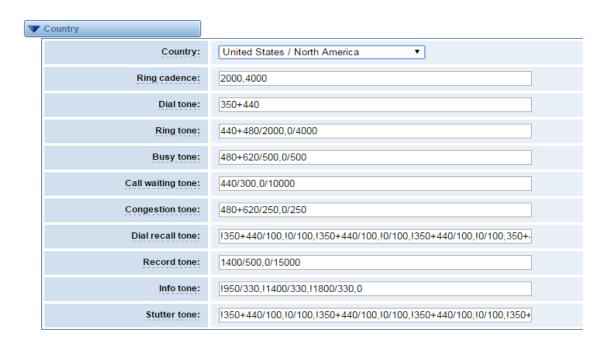


Figure 3-2-6 Fax Configuration

**Table 3-2-6 Definition of Fax** 

Options	Definition
Mode	Set the transmission mode.
Rate	Set the rate of sending and receiving.

Ecm Enable/disable T.30 ECM (error correction mode) by default.



**Figure 3-2-7 Country Configuration** 

**Table 3-2-7 Definition of Country** 

Options	Definition
Country	Configuration for location specific tone indications.
Ring cadence	List of durations the physical bell rings.
Dial tone	Set of tones to be played when one picks up the hook.
Ring tone	Set of tones to be played when the receiving end is ringing.
Busy tone	Set of tones played when the receiving end is busy.
Call waiting tone	Set of tones played when there is a call waiting in the background.
Congestion tone	Set of tones played when there is some congestion.
Dial recall tone	Many phone systems play a recall dial tone after hook flash.
Record tone	Set of tones played when call recording is in progress.
Info tone	Set of tones played with special information messages (e.g., number is out of service.)
Stutter tone	



## **Special Function Keys**

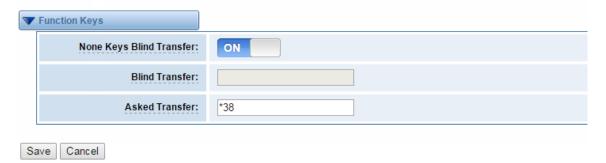


Figure 3-3-1 Function keys

**Table 3-3-1 Definition of Function keys** 

Options	Definition
None Keys Blind Transfer	None Keys Blind Transfer help.
Blind Transfer	Blind Transfer help.
Asked Transfer	Asked Transfer help.



#### **4. SIP**

## **SIP Endpoints**

This page shows everything about your SIP, you can see status of each SIP.

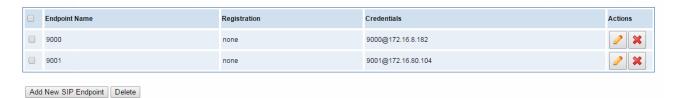


Figure 4-1-1 SIP Status

You can click Add New SIP Endpoint button to add a new SIP endpoint, and if you want to modify existed endpoints, you can click button.

#### **Main Endpoint Settings**

There are 3 kinds of registration types for choose. You can choose "Anonymous, Endpoint registers with this gateway or this gateway registers with the endpoint".

You can configure as follows:

If you set up a SIP endpoint by registration "None" to a server, then you can't register other SIP endpoints to this server. (If you add other SIP endpoints, this will cause Out-band Routes and Trunks confused.)



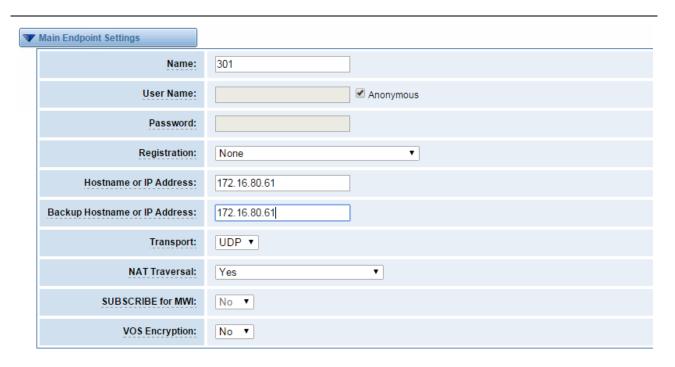


Figure 4-1-2 Anonymous Registration

For convenience, we have designed a method that you can register your SIP endpoint to your gateway, thus your gateway just work as a server.

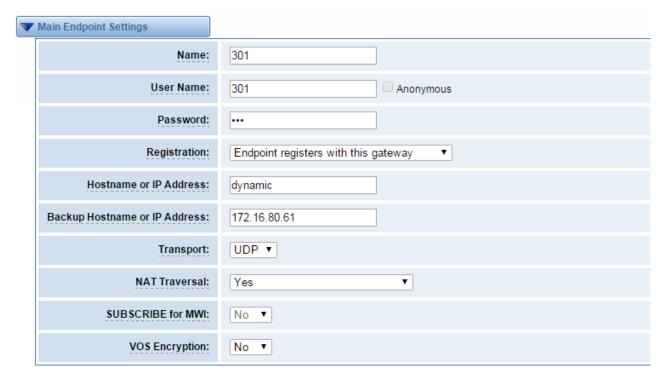


Figure 4-1-3 Register to Gateway

Also you can choose registration by "This gateway registers with the endpoint", it's the same with



"None", except name and password.

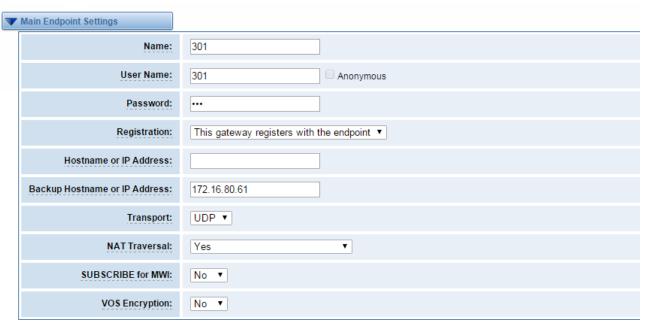


Figure 4-1-4 Register to Server

**Table 4-1-1 Definition of SIP Options** 

Options	Definition
Name	A name which is able to read by human. And it's only used for user's reference.
Username	User Name the endpoint will use to authenticate with the gateway.
Password	Password the endpoint will use to authenticate with the gateway. Allowed characters.
Registration	Whether this endpoint will register to this gateway ro this gateway to the endpoint.
Hostname or IP Address	IP address or hostname of the endpoint or 'dynamic' if the endpoint has a dynamic IP address. This will require registration.  Notice: if the input here is hostname and your DNS has changed, you must reboot asterisk.
Backup Hostname or IP Address	IP address or hostname of the endpoint or 'dynamic' if the endpoint has a dynamic IP address. This will require registration.  Notice: if the input here is hostname and your DNS has changed, you must reboot asterisk.



_		
	Transport	This sets the possible transport types for outgoing. Order of usage, when the respective transport protocols are enabled, is UDP, TCP, TLS. The first enabled transport type is only used for outbound messages until a Registration takes place. During the peer Registration the transport type may change to another supported type if the peer requests so.
	NAT Traversal	Addresses NAT-related issues in incoming SIP or media sessions.
	SUBSCRIBE for MWI	Whether or not to subscribe to receive the MWI.
	VOS Encryption	Whether or not to enable VOS Encryption.

## Advanced: Registration Options

**Table 4-1-2 Definition of Registration Options** 

Options	Definition
Authentication	A username to use only for registration.
User	
Register Extension	When Gateway registers as a SIP user agent to a SIP proxy (provider), calls from this provider connect to this local extension.
From User	A username to identify the gateway to this endpoint.
From Domain	A domain to identify the gateway to this endpoint.
Remote Secret	A password which is only used if the gateway registers to the remote side.
Port	The port number the gateway will connect to at this endpoint.
Quality	Whether or not to check the endpoint's connection status.
Qualify Frequency	How often, in seconds, to check the endpoint's connection status.
Outbound Proxy	A proxy to which the gateway will send all outbound signaling instead of sending signaling directly to endpoints.



## **Call Settings**

**Table 4-1-3 Definition of Call Options** 

Options	Definition
DTMF Mode	Set default DTMF Mode for sending DTMF. Default: rfc2833. Other options: 'info', SIP INFO message (application/dtmf-relay); 'Inband', Inband audio (require 64kbit codec -alaw, ulaw).
Call Limit	Setting a call-limit will cause calls above the limit not to be accepted.
Trust Remote-Party-ID	Whether or not the Remote-Party-ID header should be trusted.
Send Remote-Party-ID	Whether or not to send the Remote-Party-ID header.
Remote Party ID Format	How to set the Remote-Party-ID header: from Remote-Party-ID or from P-Asserted-Identity.
Caller ID Presentation	Whether or not to display Caller ID.

# Advanced: Signaling Settings

**Table 4-1-4 Definition of Signaling Options** 

Options	Definition
Progress Inband	If we should generate in-band ringing.  Always use 'never' to never use in-band signaling, even in cases where some buggy devices might not render it.  Valid values: yes, no never.  Default: never.
Allow Overlap Dialing	Allow Overlap Dialing: Whether or not to allow overlap dialing. Disabled by default.
Append user=phone to URI	Whether or not to add '; user=phone' to URIs that contain a valid phone number.
Add Q.850 Reason Headers	Whether or not to add Reason header and to use it if it is available.



Honor SDP Version	By default, the gateway will honor the session version number in SDP packets and will only modify the SDP session if the version number change. Turn this option off to force the gateway to ignore the SDP session version number and treat all SDP data as new data. This is required for devices that send non-standard SDP packets (observed with Microsoft OCS). By default this option is on.
Allow Transfers	Whether or not to globally enable transfers. Choosing 'no' will disable all transfers (unless enabled in peers or users). Default is enabled.
Allow Promiscuous Redirects	Whether or not to allow 302 or REDIR to non-local SIP address.  Note that promiscredir when redirects are made to the local system will cause loops since this gateway is incapable of performing a "hairpin" call.
Max Forwards	Setting for the SIP Max-Forwards header (loop prevention).
Send TRYING on REGISTER	Send a 100 Trying when the endpoint registers.

# Advanced: Timer Settings

**Table 4-1-5 Definition of Timer Options** 

Options	Definition
Default T1 Timer	This timer is used primarily in INVITE transactions. The default for Timer  T1 is 500ms or the measured run-trip time between the gateway and the device if you have qualify=yes for the device.
Call Setup Timer	If a provisional response is not received in this amount of time, the call will auto-congest. Defaults to 64 times the default T1 timer.
Session Timers	Session-Timers feature operates in the following three modes: originate, Request and run session-timers always; accept, run session-timers only when requested by other UA; refuse, do not run session timers in any case.



Minimum Session Refresh Interval	Minimum session refresh interval in seconds. Default is 90secs.
Maximum Session Refresh Interval	Maximum session refresh interval in seconds. Defaults to 1800secs.
Session Refresher	The session refresher, uac or uas. Defaults to uas.

## **Media Settings**

**Table 4-1-6 Definition of Media Settings** 

Options	Definition
Media Settings	Select codec from the drop down list. Codecs should be different for each Codec Priority.

## **Advanced SIP Settings**

# Networking

**Table 4-2-1 Definition of Networking Options** 

Options	Definition
UDP Bind Port	Choose a port on which to listen for UDP traffic.
Enable TCP	Enable server for incoming TCP connection (default is no).
TCP Bind Port	Choose a port on which to listen for TCP traffic.
TCP Authentication Timeout	The maximum number of seconds a client has to authenticate. If the client does not authenticate before this timeout expires, the client will be disconnected.(default value is: 30 seconds).
TCP Authentication Limit	The maximum number of unauthenticated sessions that will be allowed to connect at any given time.(default is:50).



Enable Hostname Lookup	Enable DNS SRV lookups on outbound calls Note: the gateway only uses the first host in SRV records Disabling DNS SRV lookups disables the ability to place SIP calls based on domain names to some other SIP users on the Internet specifying a port in a SIP peer definition or when dialing outbound calls with suppress SRV lookups for that peer or call.
Enable Internal SIP	Whether enable the internal SIP calls or not when you select the registration option "Endpoint registers with this gateway".
Internal SIP Call Prefix	Specify a prefix before routing the internal calls.

# **NAT Settings**

**Table 4-2-2Definition of NAT Settings** 

Options	Definition
	Format:192.168.0.0/255.255.0.0 or 172.16.0.0./12. A list of IP address or
	IP ranges which are located inside a NATed network.
Local Network	This gateway will replace the internal IP address in SIP and SDP messages
	with the external IP address when a NAT exists between the gateway and
	other endpoints.
Local Network List	Local IP address list that you added.
	Through the use of the test_stun_monitor module, the gateway has the
	ability to detect when the perceived external network address has
	changed. When the stun_monitor is installed and configured, chan_sip will
Subscribe Network	renew all outbound registrations when the monitor detects any sort of
Change Event	network change has occurred. By default this option is enabled, but only
	takes effect once res_stun_monitor is configured. If res_stun_monitor is
	enabled and you wish to not generate all outbound registrations on a
	network change, use the option below to disable this feature.



Match External Address Locally	Only substitute the externaddr or externhost setting if it matches.
Dynamic Exclude Static	Disallow all dynamic hosts from registering as any IP address used for staticly defined hosts. This helps avoid the configuration error for allowing your users to register at the same address as a SIP provider.
Externally Mapped TCP Port	The externally mapped TCP port, when the gateway is behind a static NAT or PAT.
External Address	The external address (and optional TCP port) of the NAT.  External Address=hostname :port] specifies a static address[:port] to be used in SIP and messages. Examples:  External Address=12.34.56.78  External Address=12.34.56.78:9900
External Hostname	The external hostname(and optional TCP port) of the NAT  External Hostname = hostname [:port] is similar to External Address.  Examples: External Hostname = foo.dyndns.net.
Hostname Refresh Interval	How often to perform a hostname lookup. This can be useful when your NAT device lets you choose the port mapping, but the IP address is dynamic. Beware, you might suffer from service disruption when the name server resolution fails.

# **RTP Settings**

**Table 4-2-3Definition of RTP Settings Options** 

Options	Definition
Start of RTP Port Range	Start of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.
End of RTP port Range	End of range of port numbers to be used for RTP.
RTP Timeout	RTP Timeout



## Parsing and Compatibility

Table 4-3-4 Instruction of Parsing and Compatibility

Options	Definition
Strict RFC Interpretation	Check header tags, character conversion in URIs, and multiline headers for strict SIP compatibility(default is yes)
Send Compact Headers	Send compact SIP headers
SDP Owner	Allows you to change the username filed in the SDP owner string. This filed MUST NOT contain spaces.
Disallowed SIP Methods	When a dialog is started with another SIP endpoint, the other endpoint should include an Allow header telling us what SIP methods the endpoint implements. However, some endpoints either do not include an Allow header or lie about what methods they implement. In the former case, the gateway makes the assumption that the endpoint support all known SIP methods. If you know that your SIP endpoint does not provide support for a specific method, then you may provide a list of methods that your endpoint does not implement in the disallowed_methods option. Note that if your endpoint is truthful with its Allow header, then there is no need to set this option.
Shrink Caller ID	The shrinkcallerid function removes '(', ' ', ')', non-trailing '.', and '-' not in square brackets. For example, the caller id value 555.5555 becomes 55555555 when this option is enabled. Disabling this option results in no modification of the caller id value, which is necessary when the caller id represents something that must be preserved. By default this option is on.
Maximum Registration Expiry	Maximum allowed time of incoming registrations and subscriptions (seconds).
Minimum Registration Expiry	Minimum length of registrations/subscriptions (default 60).
Default Registration Expiry	Default length of incoming/outgoing registration.
Registration Timeout	How often, in seconds, to retry registration calls. Default 20 seconds.



Number of Registration Attempts Enter '0' for unlimited	Number of registration attempts before we give up. 0 = continue forever, hammering the other server until it accepts the registration. Default is 0 tries, continue forever.	
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# Security

**Table 4-3-5 Instruction of Security** 

Options	Definition
Match Auth Username	If available, match user entry using the 'username' field from the authentication line instead of the 'from' field.
Realm	Realm for digest authentication. Realms MUST be globally unique according to RFC 3261. Set this to your host name or domain name.
Use Domain as Realm	Use the domain from the SIP Domains setting as the realm. In this case, the realm will be based on the request 'to' or 'from' header and should match one of the domain. Otherwise, the configured 'realm' value will be used.
Always Auth Reject	When an incoming INVITE or REGISTER is to be rejected, for any reason, always reject with an identical response equivalent to valid username and invalid password/hash instead of letting the requester know whether there was a matching user or peer for their request. This reduces the ability of an attacker to scan for valid SIP usernames. This option is set to 'yes' by default.
Authenticate Options Requests	Enabling this option will authenticate OPTIONS requests just like INVITE requests are. By default this option is disabled.
Allow Guest Calling	Allow or reject guest calls (default is yes, to allow). If your gateway is connected to the Internet and you allow guest calls, you want to check which services you offer everyone out there, by enabling them in the default context.



## Media

**Table 4-3-6 Instruction of Media** 

Options	Definition
Premature Media	Some ISDN links send empty media frames before the call is in ringing or progress state. The SIP channel will then send 183 indicating early media which will be empty - thus users get no ring signal. Setting this to "yes" will stop any media before we have call progress (meaning the SIP channel will not send 183 Session Progress for early media). Default is 'yes'. Also make sure that the SIP peer is configured with progressinband=never. In order for 'noanswer' applications to work, you need to run the progress() application in the priority before the app.
TOS for SIP Packets	Sets type of service for SIP packets
TOS for RTP Packets	Sets type of service for RTP packets



## 5. Routing

## **Call Routing Rules**

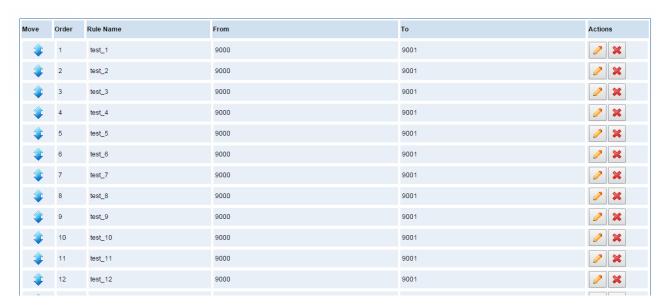


Figure 5-1-1 Routing Rules

New Call Routing Rule , and after setting routing rules, You are allowed to set up new routing by move rules' order by pulling up and down, click 📕 button to edit the routing and to delete it. Finally click the Save Orders button to save what you set shows current routing rules. Otherwise you can set up unlimited routing rules. Call Routing Rule Routing Name: Call Comes in From: None Send Call Through: None •

Figure 5-1-2 Create a Call Routing Rule



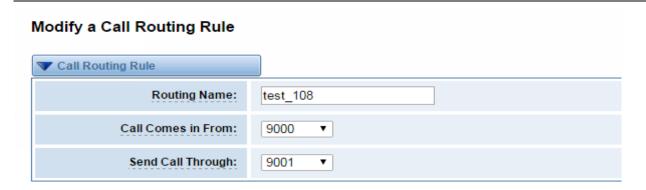


Figure 5-1-2 Modify a Call Routing Rule

**Table 5-1-1 Definition of Call Routing Rule** 

Options	Definition
Routing Name	The name of this route. Should be used to describe what types of calls this route matches (for example, 'SIP2GSM' or 'GSM2SIP').
Call Comes in From	The launching point of incoming calls.
Send Call Through	The destination to receive the incoming calls.

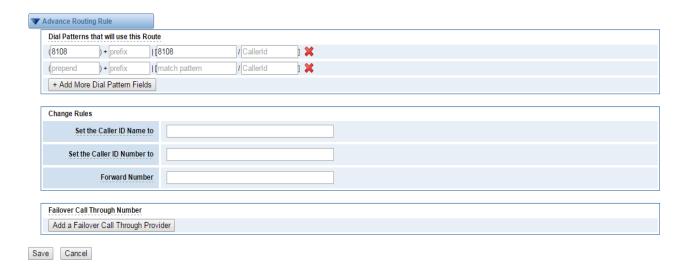


Figure 5-1-3 Advance Routing Rule



**Table 5-1-2 Definition of Advance Routing Rule** 

Options	Definition
Dial Patterns that	Calles ID Manipulation Hale
will use this Route	Callee ID Manipulation Help
Set the Caller ID	What caller ID name would you like to set before sending this call to the
Name to	endpoint.
Set the Caller ID	What caller number would you like to set before sending call to the
Number to	endpoint.
Forward Number	What destination number will you dial?
Forward Number	This is very useful when you have a transfer call.
Failover Call	The gateway will attempt to send the call out each of these in the order
Through Number	you specify.

## **Groups**

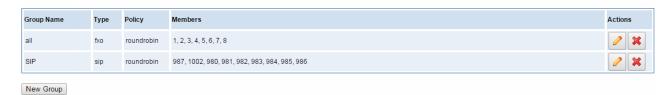


Figure 5-2-1 Group Rules

You can click New Group button to set new group, and if you want to modify existed group, you can click button.





Figure 5-2-2 Create a Group



Figure 5-2-2 Modify a Group

**Table 5-2-1 Definition of Routing Groups** 

Options	Definition
Group Name	The mean of this route. Should be used to describe what types of calls this route match (for example, 'sip1 TO port1' or 'port1 To sip2').



## 6 Network, Advanced and Logs

#### Network

On "Network" page, there are "Network Settings", "VPN Setting", "DDNS Settings", and "Toolkit".

## **Network Settings**

There are three types of LAN port IP, Factory, Static and DHCP. Factory is the default type, and it is 172.16.99.1. When you Choose LAN IPv4 type is "Factory", this page is not editable.

A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the following address of your local PC.

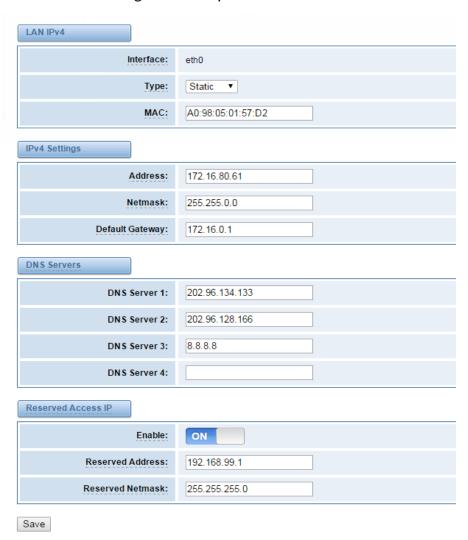


Figure 6-1-1 LAN Settings Interface



**Table 6-1-1 Definition of Network Settings** 

Options	Definition
Interface	The name of network interface.
Туре	The method to get IP.
	Factory: Getting IP address by Slot Number (System → information
	to check slot number).
	Static: manually set up your gateway IP.
	DHCP: automatically get IP from your local LAN.
MAC	Physical address of your network interface.
Address	The IP address of your gateway.
Netmask	The subnet mask of your gateway.
Default Gateway	Default getaway IP address.
Reserved Access IP	A reserved IP address to access in case your gateway IP is not
	available. Remember to set a similar network segment with the
	following address of your local PC.
Enable	A switch to enable the reserved IP address or not.
	ON(enabled), OFF(disabled)
Reserved Address	The reserved IP address for this gateway.
Reserved Netmask	The subnet mask of the reserved IP address.

Basically this info is from your local network service provider, and you can fill in four DNS servers.



Figure 6-1-2 DNS Interface



**Table 6-1-2 Definition of DNS Settings** 

Options	Definition
DNS Servers	A list of DNS IP address. Basically this info is from your local
	network service provider.

## **VPN Settings**

You can upload the VPN client configuration, if success, you can see a VPN virtual network card on SYSTEM status page. About the configure format you can refer to the Notice and Sample configuration.

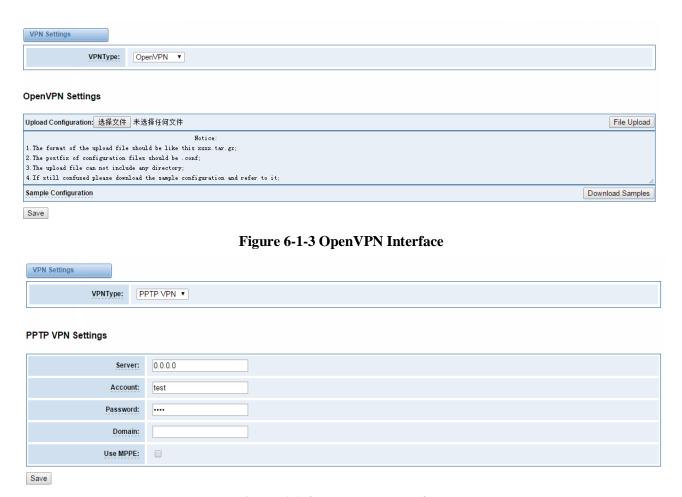
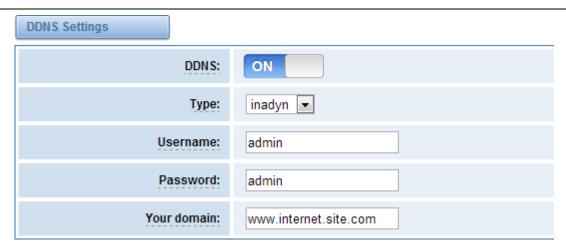


Figure 6-1-4 PPTP VPN Interface

## **DDNS Settings**

You can enable or disable DDNS (dynamic domain name server).





**Figure 6-1-5 DDNS Interface** 

**Table 6-1-3 Definition of DDNS Settings** 

Options	Definition
DDNS	Enable/Disable DDNS(dynamic domain name server)
Туре	Set the type of DDNS server.

Username	Your DDNS account's login name.
Password	Your DDNS account's password.
Your domain	The domain to which your web server will belong.

#### **Toolkit**

It is used to check network connectivity. Support Ping command on web GUI.

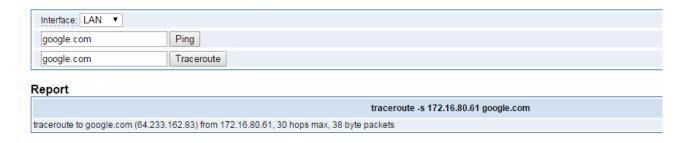


Figure 6-1-6 Network Connectivity Checking



#### **Advanced**

#### Asterisk API

When you make "Enable" switch to "on", this page is available.

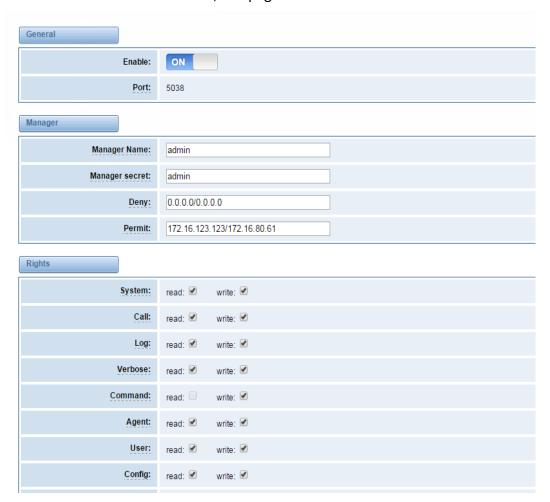


Figure 6-2-1 API Interface

Table 6-2-1 Definition of Asterisk API

Options	Definition
Port	Network port number
Manager Name	Name of the manager without space
Manager secret	Password for the manager. Characters: Allowed characters "+.<>&0-9a-zA-Z". Length:4-32 characters.



If you want to deny many hosts or networks, use char & as
separator.
Example: 0.0.0/0.0.0 or
192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0
If you want to permit many hosts or network, use char & as
separator.
Example: 0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0 or
192.168.1.0/255.255.255.0&10.0.0.0/255.0.0.0
General information about the system and ability to run system
management commands, such as Shutdown, Restart, and Reload.
Information about channels and ability to set information in a
running channel.
Logging information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)
Verbose information. Read-only. (Defined but not yet used.)
Permission to run CLI commands. Write-only.
Information about queues and agents and ability to add queue
Permission to send and receive UserEvent.
Ability to read and write configuration files.
Receive DTMF events. Read-only.
Ability to get information about the system.
Output of cdr_manager, if loaded. Read-only.
Receive NewExten and VarSet events. Read-only.
Permission to originate new calls. Write-only.
Select all or deselect all.

Once you set like the above figure, the host 172.16.123.123/255.255.0.0 is allowed to access the gateway API. Please refer to the following figure to access the gateway API by putty. 172.16.123.123 is the gateway's IP, and 5038 is its API port.



```
root@Openvox-Wireless-Gateway:~# telnet 172.16.123.123 5038
Asterisk Call Manager/1.1
action: login
username: admin
secret: admin

Response: Success
Message: Authentication accepted

Event: FullyBooted
Privilege: system,all
Status: Fully Booted
```

Figure 6-2-2 Putty Access

#### Asterisk CLI

In this page, you are allowed to run Asterisk commands.



#### Output:

! Execute a shell command

agi dump html Dumps a list of AGI commands in HTML format

agi exec Add AGI command to a channel in Async AGI

agi set debug [on|off] Enable/Disable AGI debugging

agi show commands [topic] List AGI commands or specific help

aoc set debug enable cli debugging of AOC messages

cc cancel Kill a CC transaction

cc report status Reports CC stats

cdr show status Display the CDR status

cel show status Display the CEL status

channel request hangup Request a hangup on a given channel

Figure 6-2-3 Asterisk Command Interface

Table 6-2-2 Definition of Asterisk API

Definition
Type your Asterisk CLI commands here to check or debug your gateway. e.g, type "help" or "?" you will get all help information.

If you type "help" or "?" and execute it, the page will show you the executable commands.



#### Asterisk File Editor

On this page, you are allowed to edit and create configuration files. Click the file to edit.

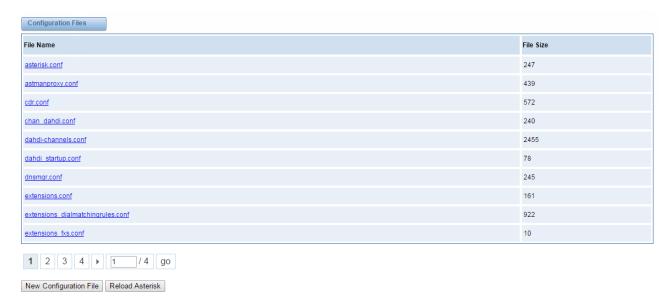


Figure 6-2-4 Configuration Files List

Click "New Configuration File" to create a new configuration file. After editing or creating, please reload Asterisk.

## Logs

On the "Log Settings" page, you should set the related logs on to scan the responding logs page. For example, set "System Logs" on like the following, then you can turn to "System" page for system logs, otherwise, system logs is unavailable. And the same with other log pages.



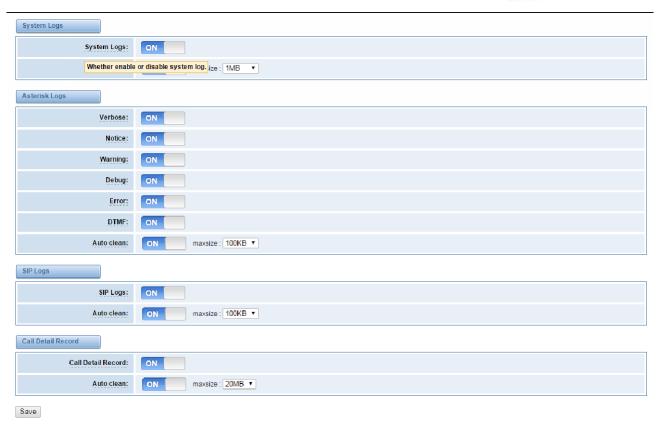


Figure 6-3-1 System Logs Control

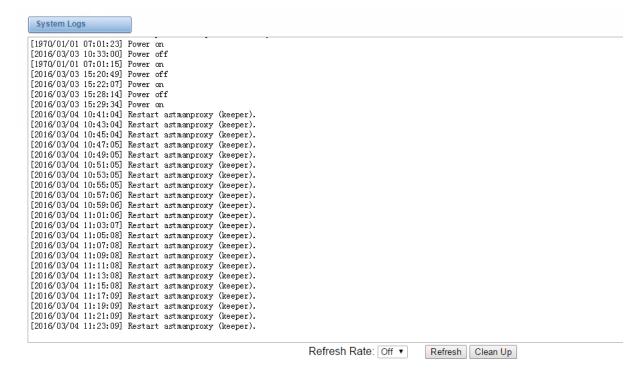


Figure 6-3-2 System Logs Output

Notice: The same to Asterisk Logs and SIP Logs.



**Table 6-3-1 Definition of Log Setting** 

Options	Definition
System Logs	Whether enable or disable system log.
Auto clean (System Logs)	switch on:  when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off: logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, max size=1MB.
Verbose	Asterisk console verbose message switch.
Notice	Asterisk console notice message switch.
Warning	Asterisk console warning message switch.
Debug	Asterisk console debug message switch.
Error	Asterisk console error message switch.
DTMF	Asterisk console DTMF info switch.
Auto clean (asterisk logs)	switch on:  when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off: logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, max size=100KB.
SIP Logs	Whether enable or disable SIP log.
Auto clean (SIP logs)	switch on:  when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off: logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, default size=100KB.
Call Detail Record	Displaying Call Detail Records for channel.
Auto clean	switch on:  when the size of log file reaches the max size, the system will cut a half of the file. New logs will be retained. switch off: logs will remain, and the file size will increase gradually. default on, default size=20MB.



#### **CDR**

You can scan your CDR easily on web GUI, and also you can delete, clean up export your CDR information.



Figure 6-3-3 CDR Output